

# ZYL LAW FIRM LLC

Expert U.S. IP Solutions for Global Success

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New Haven, Connecticut | Near Yale University

[www.zyllaw.com](http://www.zyllaw.com)

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PART 01

# About Us

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# Firm Overview



**20+**

Years of Specialized  
IP Experience



**5**

Expert Attorneys &  
Patent Agents



**90%**

Office Action  
Success Rate

## Who We Are

ZYL LAW Firm LLC is a U.S.-based intellectual property law firm. We provide strategic legal services in trademarks, patents, and copyrights, with particular strength in handling complex USPTO Office Actions, TTAB and PTAB proceedings, and cross-border IP matters. Backed by extensive experience in U.S. and international intellectual property practice, our team delivers practical, efficient, and business-focused solutions to help clients protect, enforce, and maximize the value of their IP assets.

# Our Location

## **Near Yale University**

### **New Haven, Connecticut**

ZYL LAW Firm is based in New Haven, Connecticut, near Yale University. Our location places us in one of the Northeast's most dynamic legal, academic, and business communities.

From our New Haven office, we serve clients across the United States and internationally in trademark, patent, copyright, and related intellectual property matters.

### **Address**

101 Nicoll Street  
New Haven, CT 06511

### **Access**

Convenient access to New York City, Boston, and other major U.S. markets

### **Local Advantage**

Situated in the Yale–New Haven area, a region known for research, innovation, and entrepreneurial activity

# Practice Areas



## U.S. Trademark Applications

Full-service filing, prosecution, and registration before the USPTO



## U.S. Patent Applications

Drafting and prosecuting utility and design patents across tech fields



## U.S. Copyright Applications

Protecting creative works, software, and digital content



## TTAB Proceedings

Oppositions, cancellations, and concurrent use proceedings



## PTAB Proceedings

Inter partes review, post-grant review, and patent disputes



## IP Enforcement & Strategy

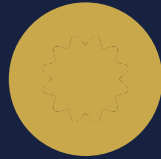
Infringement analysis, cease & desist, and cross-border strategy

# Core Competencies



## U.S. Trademark Filing & Prosecution

Experienced in complex USPTO trademark matters, including Office Actions involving likelihood of confusion, descriptiveness, specimen issues, disclaimers, and identification amendments.



## U.S. Patent Filing & Prosecution

Strategic preparation and prosecution of U.S. patent applications across a range of technologies, with practical guidance tailored to each client's business and innovation goals.



## PTAB / TTAB Proceedings

Representation in U.S. trademark and patent board proceedings, including oppositions, cancellations, appeals, and other contested matters requiring focused legal analysis and procedural precision.

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PART 02

# Our Team

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# THE FOUNDER

## Yaling Zhou

Founding Attorney

[zylaw.com/zyl.php](http://zylaw.com/zyl.php)

- ✓ 20+ years of trademark prosecution experience
- ✓ Expert in complex USPTO Office Action responses
- ✓ Strong track record in TTAB oppositions & cancellations
- ✓ Focused on U.S. and international brand protection strategy

## Profile



Yaling Zhou is the founding attorney of ZYL LAW Firm LLC, based in New Haven, Connecticut. She advises clients on U.S. trademark prosecution, cross-border intellectual property matters, and related brand protection strategy.

Her practice is particularly focused on complex USPTO matters, including likelihood of confusion refusals, identification issues, disclaimer requirements, mark description issues, and U.S. counsel requirements in Madrid-based applications.

# THE PATENT AGENT & PARTNER

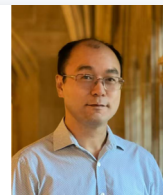
## Xinyu Zhang, Ph.D.

Partner & U.S. Patent Agent

[zylaw.com/zxy.php](http://zylaw.com/zxy.php)

- ✓ Ph.D. in Bioinformatics from Tsinghua University
- ✓ Former Research Scientist at Yale University
- ✓ Former Associate Professor, Chinese Academy of Sciences
- ✓ Strong technical background supporting U.S. patent practice

## Profile



Xinyu Zhang, Ph.D., is a partner at ZYL LAW Firm LLC and a U.S. patent agent with a strong interdisciplinary background in science and technology.

Drawing on prior academic and research experience, he supports clients in U.S. patent matters with particular strength in understanding complex technical subject matter and translating it into clear, effective patent strategy and prosecution support.

His background in research and technology also contributes to the firm's ability to handle sophisticated intellectual property matters with precision and efficiency.

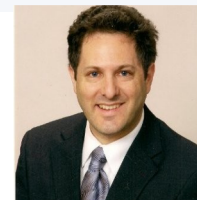
## Douglas Scott Berman

Trademark Attorney

[zylaw.com/dsb.php](http://zylaw.com/dsb.php)

- ★ 15+ years of Greater China & NY trademark experience
- ★ J.D., Indiana University & Ph.D., Univ. of Wisconsin
- ★ Fluent in Mandarin with deep cross-border expertise
- ★ Active contributor to INTA & global IP community

## Profile



Douglas Scott Berman is a U.S.-qualified trademark attorney with over 15 years of experience advising on IP matters in Greater China and New York. He provides strategic guidance on market entry, risk mitigation, and enforcement across both U.S. and Chinese legal systems.

His expertise includes acquiring high-value marks, domain dispute management through UDRP, and implementing global filing programs in collaboration with international counsel.

### Main Practice Areas:

- Copyright & Intellectual Property Law
- Brand Protection & Anti-counterfeiting
- Customs Registration & Licensing

# COLLABORATING ATTORNEY

## Jingwei Sun

Collaborating Attorney

[zylaw.com/sjw.php](http://zylaw.com/sjw.php)

- ✓ Dual-licensed: U.S. (California) & China
- ✓ Tsinghua University School of Law graduate
- ✓ Focus on intellectual property, copyright, and commercial matters
- ✓ Represented Mian Mian in Google Books litigation

## Profile



Jingwei Sun is a collaborating attorney with ZYL LAW Firm LLC. He brings a cross-border legal background to the firm's practice, with experience spanning both U.S. and China-related matters.

His work focuses on intellectual property, particularly copyright-related issues, as well as broader corporate and commercial legal matters. This background allows him to contribute practical insight on cross-border legal strategy, especially for clients navigating legal issues across multiple jurisdictions.

# U.S. PATENT CONSULTANT

## Kai Jiang

U.S. Patent Consultant

[zylaw.com/jk.php](http://zylaw.com/jk.php)

- ✓ Nearly 15 years of U.S. patent prosecution experience
- ✓ M.I.P., UNH Franklin Pierce School of Law
- ✓ M.E. & B.E. in Electrical Engineering
- ✓ Focus: electronics, electrical, semiconductors & computer tech

## Profile



Mr. Kai Jiang is a U.S. patent specialist at ZYL Law Firm and is authorized to practice before the USPTO in patent matters. Since 2010 he has focused on U.S. patent prosecution, with deep experience in patent drafting and office action responses across electronics, electrical, semiconductor, and computer technologies. Bridging Chinese-language technical disclosures and U.S. patent practice, he helps Chinese-origin inventions enter the U.S. system, flags risks early, and has helped numerous research inventions overcome 35 U.S.C. § 101 eligibility challenges to secure allowance.

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PART 03

# Signature Services

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## 01

### Patent Translation & 101/112 Risk Optimization

For Paris Convention, PCT 371 U.S. national phase and PCT bypass entries, we convert Chinese patent / PCT text into U.S.-practice English application drafts.

- ▶ §101 eligibility tuning: software / AI / methods / diagnostics
- ▶ §112 written-description, clarity & terminology fixes
- ▶ U.S.-style claim optimization to cut post-filing OA risk

#### Pre-Filing QC Report for a U.S. Utility Patent Application Draft

##### Contents

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##### I. Review Documents and Review Scope

Document under review: XXX Version 1 (Clear Version).doc

The reviewed document is a U.S. utility application draft containing a title, technical field, background art, summary of the invention, brief description of the drawings, detailed description, 20 claims, an abstract, and the sheet identifications for FIG. 1 through FIG. 16. The review scope includes:

- Professional review of the U.S. utility application draft;
- Claim form, clarity, dependency, and 35 U.S.C. 112 risk screening;
- USPTO claim-count / multiple-dependent-claim fee-trigger screening;
- Internal 35 U.S.C. 101 eligibility risk screening;
- Consistency review of the abstract, title, drawing reference numerals, and pre-filing text.

##### II. A/B/C Grading Criteria

- **Class A: must be fixed before filing / filing-blocking or high legal risk.** These issues create filing-readiness, claim-form, Section 101, Section 112, formal compliance, support, priority, PPH, or procedural risks that should not be left unresolved before the relevant filing or request.
- **Class B: strongly recommended to fix before filing / material prosecution, fee-control, or quality risk.** These issues may not independently block filing, but are likely to create avoidable 101/112 objections, prosecution friction, USPTO claim-fee exposure, claim-scope weakness, unnecessary narrowing, inconsistency, or professional-quality problems.
- **Class C: can be optimized later / low-risk cleanup.** These issues are primarily stylistic, editorial, optional 101 narrative strengthening, or low-impact drafting improvements that are unlikely to affect filing validity, fee payment, or immediate prosecution posture.

## 02

### AI Patent Prior Art Search & Drafting Strategy Report

A professional search-and-analysis workflow built around U.S. patent practice, combining patent databases, common-law / public-disclosure leads and U.S. patent-agent analysis.

- ▶ Dual-layer search: professional databases + common law
- ▶ Utility and design-patent dual mode
- ▶ Decision-oriented Prior Art & Drafting Strategy Report

U.S. Pre-Drafting Prior Art Search and Patentability Assessment Report

1. Executive Summary

- Matter No.: [REDACTED]
- Invention Title: [REDACTED]
- Input File: [REDACTED]
- Patent Type: Utility patent
- Report Date: 2026-[REDACTED]
- Search Objective: Pre-drafting prior art search, patentability risk screening, and U.S. application drafting-strategy recommendations.

**Preliminary Conclusion:** This matter should not rely on [REDACTED] as the core patentable point, because these directions are relatively crowded in patents and public product literature. The more valuable protection focus should be a specific [REDACTED] combination: [REDACTED] which may serve as an important dependent or secondary inventive point.

**Overall Risk:** Medium to medium-high. The current search has not confirmed a single reference that fully discloses the above combination, but [REDACTED] elements are each individually disclosed; §103 combination risk must be managed through claim limitations and specification-supported effects.

2. Invention Definition

Module	Disclosure in This Matter
Product category	[REDACTED]
Main body structure	[REDACTED]
Detachable attachment	[REDACTED] tube, insertable into the [REDACTED] inlet for use; the front end may include a [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] structure	The [REDACTED] tube outer-wall [REDACTED] slides into the main-body outer-surface [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] structure	Rear [REDACTED] rotatably folds; in use it unfolds to multiple use angles; in storage it folds inward and at least partially covers the [REDACTED] tube
Locking structure	[REDACTED]
Technical effects	Compact storage, reduced [REDACTED], avoids [REDACTED] from a rotating tube, improved [REDACTED]

3. Search Scope and Results

Item	Result
Focused patent search queries	10
Patent database records	101
Records mapped into utility claim chart	100
Downloaded PDFs	45
Common-law / public-disclosure source	30; MAN-* are [REDACTED]

[https://zylaw.com/patent\\_prior\\_art\\_search.php](https://zylaw.com/patent_prior_art_search.php)

## 03

### U.S. Patent Application Pre-Filing Review

A virtual examiner powered by advanced AI with expert human review, running a professional mock compliance review before filing with the USPTO.

- ▶ Formalities & procedural scan (ADS, drawings, priority)
- ▶ §112 deep review (Williamson / Amgen / SciMed)
- ▶ IDS duties & continuation-strategy prompts

#### Contents

##### I. Case Background and Review Method

This matter is a **PCT-BYPASS U.S. nonprovisional utility application**; the subject matter is [REDACTED]

The client instructions are explicit: PCT-bypass, small entity, docket is [REDACTED].

**Gold Standard Found: Yes.** The gold standard is the client instructions provided by the user for this matter. The ADS, IDS, CDA, and POA are basically consistent with the docket, PCT number, route, and small-entity information in the client instructions. The ADS shows nonprovisional utility, small entity, continuation of PCT/CN [REDACTED] filed [REDACTED].

##### II. Key Information Master Table

Field	Gold standard / preferred value	Appears in	Consistent	Risk	Notes
Filing route	PCT-BYPASS / continuation of PCT	Client instructions, ADS, CDA	Consistent	Low	ADS [REDACTED] continuation of [REDACTED]
Docket	[REDACTED]	Client instructions, ADS, IDS	Consistent	Low	No conflict.
Title	[REDACTED]	ADS, Spec, Abstract, Claims, CDA, Affidavit	Consistent	Low	Title consistent.
Applicant / Assignee	[REDACTED]	ADS, CDA, POA, Affidavit	Basically consistent	Medium	Affidavit handwritten as [REDACTED] legibility acceptable; recommend [REDACTED]
Inventors	[REDACTED]	ADS, CDA	Consistent	Low	All five inventors signed the CDA.
Customer No.	[REDACTED]	ADS, POA, CDA	Consistent	Low	POA appoints / customer address [REDACTED]
Entity status	[REDACTED]	Client instructions, ADS, Affidavit	Consistent	Medium	Small-entity statement present; recommend keeping the client eligibility proof.
PCT application	[REDACTED]	Client instructions, ADS, CDA	Consistent	Low	CDA selected the PCT/application-number option, not an attached application.
Foreign priority	[REDACTED]	ADS only	To confirm	Medium	Client instructions did not give a China priority; need to use PCT/[REDACTED]
Claims	[REDACTED]	Claims	Consistent	Medium	[REDACTED]
Drawings	[REDACTED]	ADS, Drawings, Spec	Consistent	Low	[REDACTED] sheet(s); [REDACTED]
Abstract	[REDACTED]	Abstract	Compliant	Low	Not exceeding 150 words.

##### III. USPTO Document Completeness and Formal Compliance

Review item	Status	Compliance	Risk	Action recommendation
Specification	Present	Basically filable	Medium	[REDACTED]
Claims	Present	Filable, drawings need check	Medium	[REDACTED], confirm before filing.
Abstract	Present	Yes	Low	Filable.
Drawings	Present	Yes	Low	1 sheet, consistent with ADS.
ADS	Present	Basically yes	Medium	Foreign priority needs confirmation via the PCT request.
CDA	Present	Yes	Low	PCT number and date entered correctly; signed by 5 inventors.
POA	Present	Basically yes	Medium	[REDACTED] confirm it has authority to sign on behalf of the assignee.
IDS	Present	Basically yes	Medium	IDS lists 3 references, but no corresponding FOR attachments found; if filing the IDS, cited-reference copies must be supplemented.
Priority support	Incomplete	Unclear	Medium	Missing PCT request / priority document; CN priority cannot be finally confirmed.
Entity status support	Present	Basically yes	Medium	Small-entity affidavit signed, but eligibility facts still need client confirmation.

##### IV. Item-by-Item Discrepancy List

## 04

### Trademark Search & Analysis

An intelligent trademark search-and-analysis platform that mirrors an expert legal team's workflow for efficient, in-depth and strategic availability assessment.

- ▶ Full-spectrum USPTO + common-law risk scan
- ▶ Examiner-style generation of confusable variants
- ▶ Decision-oriented report with a 1–10 risk rating



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TO: XXXXXX Labs Inc.

FROM: ZYL LAW FIRM LLC

DATE: 2025-12-02

SUBJECT: Search and Analysis of Candidate Mark NEXORA

#### I. Summary

##### Overall Recommendation

Based on a comprehensive USPTO and Common Law search for the candidate mark "NEXORA," I do not recommend filing for registration in Class 009 (downloadable AI software) and Class 042 (AI SaaS services).

The search shows heavy commercial use of the mark in the AI and SaaS technology fields. The USPTO database already contains three pending "NEXORA" applications, two of which directly cover Classes 009 and 042. The Common Law investigation found at least 20 commercial entities using the name, including: (1) multinational conglomerate DCC Technology (2,500 employees) completed a rebrand to Nexora on December 2, 2025; (2) Nexora Group Inc., a U.S. subsidiary of NASDAQ-listed Erayak (NASDAQ: RAYA); (3) multiple U.S.-based AI automation companies (Nexora AI Solutions, NexoraAI) offering products nearly identical to the intended goods/services.

Considering the identical mark, highly overlapping goods/services, market strength of prior users, and the likelihood of USPTO refusals for likelihood of confusion, moving forward with this mark presents extremely high legal and commercial risk. I recommend selecting an alternative mark with stronger distinctiveness and registrability.

##### Assessment Overview

Candidate Mark	Recommendation Score	Risk Level	Key Conflicts	Recommendation
NEXORA	2/10	High	USPTO: 3 pending applications (including 2 covering 009/042); Common Law: 7 high-conflict	Not recommended; choose an alternative mark

<https://zylaw.com/tmaisearch.php>

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PART 04

# Track Record

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# Representative Strategic Partners

Trusted by Leading Global Enterprises



Li Auto (理想)



Beike (贝壳)



XPENG Motors

ARROW Electronics



Kuaishou (快手)



Kingsoft Cloud (金山云)



## Overcoming §112 and §103 Rejections in a Medical Device Patent (App. 17/616,694)

### Challenge

A peripheral vascular stent application in continued examination faced multiple Section 112(b) clarity issues and a Section 103 obviousness rejection over Kariniemi in view of Cheng, with further metal-stent references raised at the examiner interview.

### Strategy

Cleaned up the §112(b) language, then rebuilt the independent claim around a non-generic topology — membrane-only ring connections with no metal between rings and mutually independent third openings — and argued teaching away and a change in principle of operation versus the cited metal stents.

### Result

The USPTO issued a Notice of Allowance on May 1, 2026, allowing Claims 1, 3, 5, 8–19 and 23–25 — won through claim reconstruction and technical-legal argument.

## Turning a Plant Biotechnology Rejection into Allowance (App. 18/203,113)

### Challenge

An invention on magnetic transfection of maize pollen was rejected as narrative and indefinite under §112, and as obvious under §103 over Zhang's cotton-pollen magnetofection in view of Yang's low-temperature pollen treatment, even after a final rejection.

### Strategy

Via an RCE, recast the claims into proper U.S. method form focused on a maize-specific two-stage sequence — aperture-opening pretreatment before MNP–DNA exposure, then low-temperature magnetic transfection — supported by Rule 1.132 experimental data.

### Result

The USPTO allowed Claims 1 and 3–7 on June 9, 2026; the examiner credited data showing ~40–62% aperture-opening rates with pretreatment versus ~3% without.

## Defeating Two §102 Attacks in Ex Parte Reexamination (Control 90/019,857)

### Challenge

In ex parte reexamination, the patent owner faced two successive Section 102 anticipation theories based on Amazon listings — first a KCC Store listing, then a Virabit listing dated through Keepa price-history data.

### Strategy

Disqualified the KCC Store listing under the AIA §102(b)(1)(A) inventor-origin grace-period exception, then defeated the Virabit theory by exposing the missing link between price metadata and the historical visual disclosure required for design-patent anticipation.

### Result

The USPTO issued a Reexamination Certificate on March 27, 2026, confirming patentability after both §102 attacks were overcome.

## Overcoming a Final §2(d) Refusal for a New Energy Vehicle Brand (SN 98244731)

### Challenge

A Chinese new energy vehicle subsidiary's core brand received a Final Office Action under Section 2(d), with the examiner asserting likelihood of confusion against a well-known German automaker's registered mark sharing a common term.

### Strategy

Argued the marks' distinct overall commercial impression, invoked the high purchaser care for expensive durable goods (TMEP §1207.01(d)(vii)), submitted real-world market-recognition evidence, and requested suspension under §716.02(c) pending settlement talks.

### Result

The examiner withdrew the refusal and the application advanced to publication — on track for registration absent any opposition.

## Clearing a Final §2(d) Refusal for the KLING AI Brand via a Consent Agreement (SN 98952295)

### Challenge

KLING (an AI image- and video-generation platform in Classes 9 and 42) drew a Final Section 2(d) refusal, with the examiner finding likelihood of confusion with the cited CLING registration (Reg. No. 5847539) — marks differing by a single letter. With the refusal final, dissimilarity arguments alone were unlikely to prevail.

### Strategy

Obtained a formal consent and coexistence agreement (a Demarcation and Prior Rights Agreement) from Cling GmbH, owner of the cited CLING mark, and delimited the Class 9 and 42 goods and services to image and video generation by artificial intelligence; compared the marks under the du Pont factors and relied on Federal Circuit authority that a credible consent agreement deserves substantial weight.

### Result

With a signed consent agreement and a precisely delimited identification of goods and services, the Section 2(d) refusal was resolved and the application advanced.

## Clearing a Translation Requirement and a §2(d) Issue for the LYKOS Mark (SN 79384950)

### Challenge

LYKOS (a Madrid Protocol §66(a) application) received a USPTO provisional full refusal: a requirement to translate the non-English wording, plus a Section 2(d) concern based on prior-filed applications including WOLF (SN 88980148). Because LYKOS derives from the Greek word for wolf, the translation tied directly to the cited WOLF mark.

### Strategy

Supplied the required translation/transliteration statement while narrowing the goods and services to the bicycle industry (bicycles and parts in Class 12, bicycle-related services in Class 35) with a side-by-side comparison exhibit; distinguished LYKOS from WOLF in appearance, sound, and commercial impression — including the cited full-moon design — under TMEP §1207.01.

### Result

The translation requirement was satisfied and the Section 2(d) concern was overcome, and the application advanced.

## A Shared Prefix Is Not Enough — Overcoming a §2(d) Refusal for WISEGLOW (SN 98914044)

### Challenge

WISEGLOW was refused under Section 2(d) based on likelihood of confusion with the registered mark WISEENERGY (Reg. No. 6805616). The examiner focused on the shared leading term WISE, and separately required a clarified identification of services and the foreign registration certificate.

### Strategy

Compared the marks in their entireties under the du Pont factors: WISEGLOW is a compact two-syllable mark (WISE-GLOW) while WISEENERGY is a four-syllable mark (WISE-EN-ER-GY), differing in length, rhythm, and phonetics; emphasized connotation — WISEGLOW evokes smart lighting, WISEENERGY points to the energy field — and clarified and narrowed the identification of services while satisfying the procedural requirements.

### Result

A complete du Pont record showed WISEGLOW and WISEENERGY are sufficiently different in sound, meaning, and overall commercial impression, supporting the request to withdraw the Section 2(d) refusal and approve the application for publication.

## Overcoming a §2(e)(1) Descriptiveness Refusal of a Chinese-Character Mark (SN 79404332)

### Challenge

A traditional Chinese medicine clinic sought protection for a stylized four-character Chinese mark in Class 44. The USPTO refused registration under Section 2(e)(1), reading the leading characters 厚朴 as magnolia bark (hòu pò) — an herbal ingredient — so the mark merely described the services. The refusal turned entirely on how the characters were read.

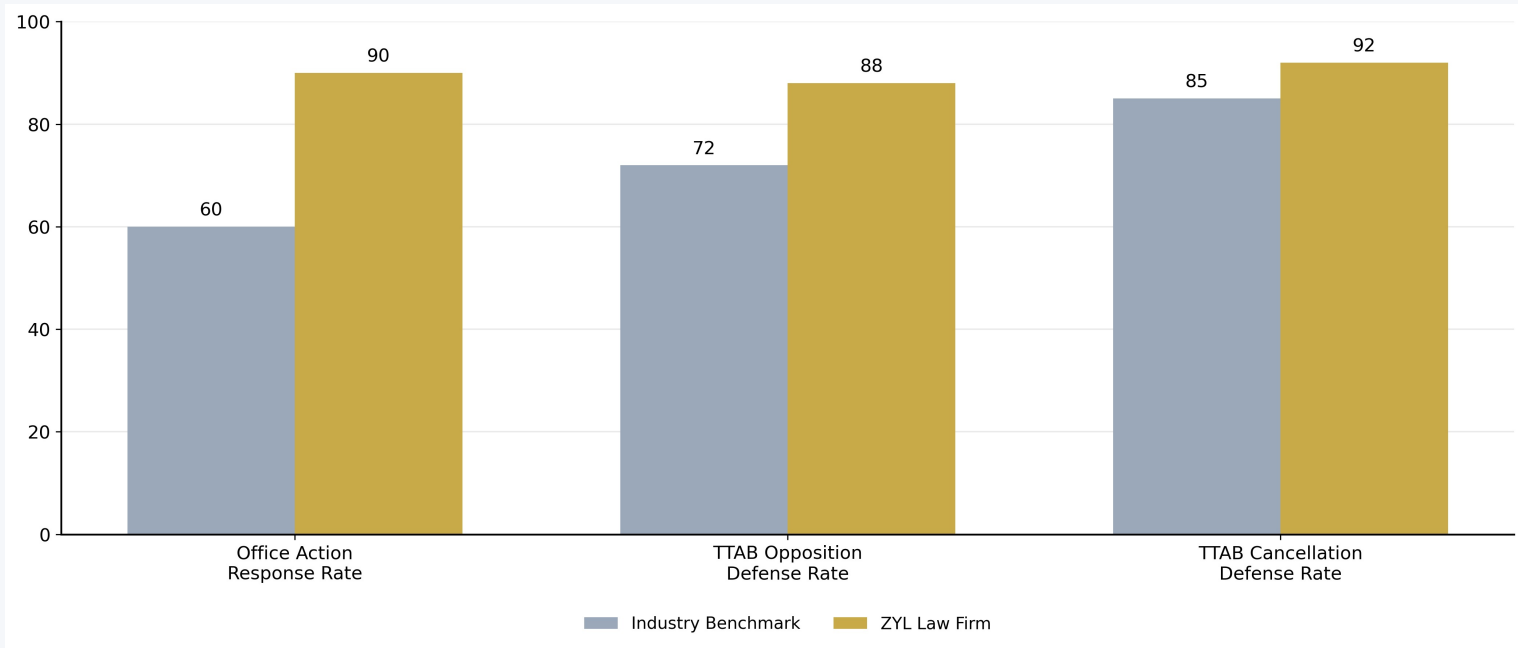
### Strategy

Corrected the transliteration: as actually used, the characters are pronounced hòu and pǔ (third tone), a coined homophone of the English word HOPE and a core element of the applicant's branding; cited dictionaries showing 厚 connotes generous/kind and the polyphonic 朴 is most commonly read pǔ (plain), while the pò (bark) reading is uncommon, and satisfied the transliteration, mark-description, U.S.-counsel, and email requirements.

### Result

The record showed the mark functions as a coined, source-identifying brand term rather than a descriptive herb name, supporting withdrawal of the Section 2(e)(1) refusal.

# Performance vs. Industry Benchmarks



**ZYL Law Firm outperforms industry averages by 25–35 percentage points across all key metrics.**

# Global Client Presence

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Serving clients across 5+ countries with cross-border IP expertise



## China

Primary client base with deep understanding of Chinese business culture



## United States

Home jurisdiction with direct USPTO representation



## India

Growing client relationships in tech sector



## Italy

European brand protection partnerships



## Australia

Cross-Pacific IP strategy support

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PART 05

# Contact Us

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# Get in Touch

## ZYL LAW Firm LLC

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## Ready to Protect Your IP?

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Contact us today for a free consultation on your U.S. intellectual property needs. Our team of experienced attorneys and patent agents is ready to help.

[ip@zyllaw.com](mailto:ip@zyllaw.com)

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# Thank You

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We look forward to partnering with you

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